Assessing Beef Demand Determinants

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Joint Evaluation Advisory Committee Meeting January 31, 2018



Presentation at 2018 Cattle Industry Convention
Phoenix, AZ

Project Purpose

Main Goal

Provide a multi-faceted assessment of current factors impacting domestic beef demand.

Project Process

Process

- ➤ Conducted 4 separate analyses varying in time periods, levels of product aggregation, and socio-economic factors considered:
- 1. Aggregate Demand Elasticities Update
- 2. Media and Medical Journal Information Effects
- 3. Food Demand Survey Insights
- 4. Consumer Beef Index Insights
- > Summarize findings and provide main recommendations
- > Widely disseminate results and implications

Project Timeline

- 1. Launch
 - April 2017
- 2. Interim Report
 - **➤** July 2017 Denver, Summer Conference
- 3. Final Presentation & Report
 - January/February 2018 2018 Annual Convention (this meeting)

1. Aggregate Demand Elasticities Update

- Estimated multiple models similar to 2007 Beef Demand Determinants Study:
- Quarterly per-capita disappearance based volumes
- ERS Choice Beef (1970-2017) or All-Fresh (1988-2017) Beef prices

Key Findings:

1988-2017 Period

- ☐ 1% increase in beef price = 0.48% drop in beef consumption
- 1% increase in pork price = 0.09% increase in beef demand
- ☐ 1% increase in chicken price = 0.02% increase in beef demand
- \Box 1% increase in total expend. = 0.80% increase in beef demand

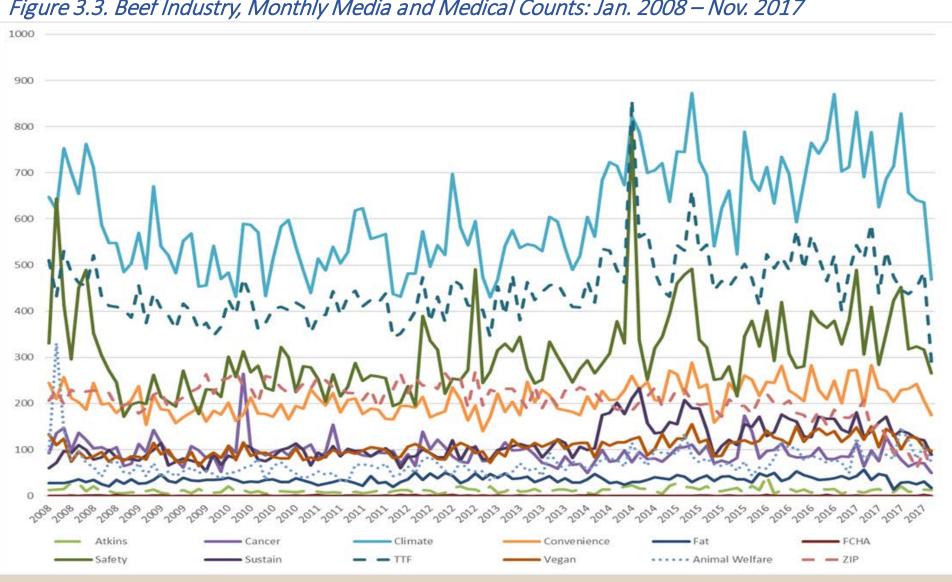
1. Aggregate Demand Elasticities Update

Key Findings:

- Insights across time periods: "Beef demand is _____"
- ... becoming less sensitive to own-price changes,
- ... becoming more sensitive to consumer expenditures,
- ☐ ... comparatively insensitive to competing protein prices

- 12 keyword based Lexis-Nexis & Medline searches
 - Animal Welfare, Well-Being, Care
 - Atkins, High Protein, Low Carbohydrate
 - Cancer
 - Climate, Environment
 - Convenience
 - **❖** Fat
 - **Fat, Cholesterol, Heart Disease, Arteriosclerosis**
 - Safety
 - Sustainability
 - Taste, Tender, Flavor
 - Vegan, Vegetarian, Meatless
 - Zinc, Iron, Protein
- Regression based assessment of impacts on beef demand

Figure 3.3. Beef Industry, Monthly Media and Medical Counts: Jan. 2008 – Nov. 2017



Key Findings: 2008-2017 Period

Demand Catalysts: 1% Increase in Coverage:

□ Cancer =
$$+0.197\%$$
 in beef demand

$$\Box$$
 Fat = +0.031% in beef demand

Demand Detriments: 1% Increase in Coverage:

- □ Climate = -0.209% in beef demand
- □ Convenience = -0.054% in beef demand
- □ Safety = -0.072% in beef demand
- ☐ Vegan = -0.240% in beef demand
- ☐ Zinc, Iron, Protein = -0.198% in beef demand

Key Findings: 2008-2017 Period

Most variable (volatile) counts are highlighted:

Atkins =	+0.014% in beef demand
Cancer =	+0.197% in beef demand
Fat =	+0.031% in beef demand
Sustain =	+0.058% in beef demand
Taste, Tender, Flavor =	+0.479% in beef demand
Welfare =	+0.098% in beef demand
Climate =	-0.209% in beef demand
Convenience =	-0.054% in beef demand
Safety =	-0.072% in beef demand
Vegan =	-0.240% in beef demand
Zinc. Iron. Protein =	-0.198% in beef demand

Differences from 1990-2007:

- > Atkins positive effect reduced
- > Fat effect was negative, now positive
- > 6 "new topics" now significant
- > Seasonality effects reduced

- **❖** June 2013 May 2017, 48,358 individual survey responses
- Each survey involved 9 choices with varying prices:





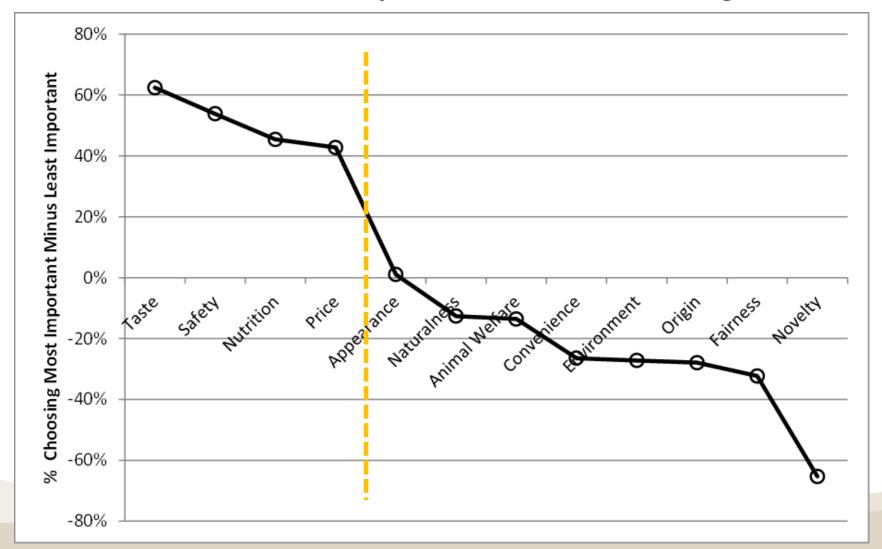
- **❖** We identify number of ground beef & beef steak choices
- Examine impact of Food Values and Socio-Economic traits

Table 4.2. Summary Statistics Associated with Consumer Choices (N = 435,222)

Item	Mean Number of Times	Percent of Times
	Chosen	Chosen
Steak	0.90	10.0%
Ground Beef	1.32	14.7%
Pork Chop	0.80	8.9%
Ham	0.66	7.3%
Chicken Breast	2.42	26.9%
Chicken Wing	0.89	9.9%
Non-Meat (Pasta or Beans and Rice)	1.40	15.5%
None	0.61	6.8%
Total	9.00	100.0%

[■] Mean number of choices masks substantial heterogeneity, over respondents and time

Food Values, Relative Importance When Purchasing Food



Key Findings: Steak Demand

- ❖ Higher (+)
 - Observables
 - Higher Incomes, Older Respondent, Larger Households, College, Hispanic, Midwest, Politically Conservative,
 - Food Values
 - * Taste, Convenience, Novelty, Origin, Appearance
- **❖** Lower (-)
 - Observables
 - **White, Females**
 - **❖** Food Values
 - Naturalness, Price, Nutrition, Environment, Animal Welfare

Key Findings: Ground Demand (BOLD denotes change from Steak Demand)

- ❖ Higher (+)
 - Observables
 - Lower Incomes, Older Respondent, Larger Households, College, White, Black, Midwest, Politically Conservative,
 - Food Values
 - Price, Taste, Safety, Convenience, Novelty, Appearance
- **❖** Lower (-)
 - Observables
 - Hispanic, Females
 - **❖** Food Values
 - **❖** Naturalness, Nutrition, Environment, Animal Welfare

4. Consumer Beef Index (CBI) Insights

- Collaborated with NCBA to add new demand questions
- Estimate WTP for boneless Ribeye steak & 80% lean ground beef
- February (Mar. 9-21) and July (Aug. 9-17) survey waves

4. Consumer Beef Index (CBI) Insights

- Collaborated with NCBA to add new demand questions
- Estimate WTP for boneless Ribeye steak & 80% lean ground beef
- February (Mar. 9-21) and July (Aug. 9-17) survey waves

Key Findings:

- Mean ground beef WTP of \$3.95/lb (Mar.) and \$3.97/lb (Aug.)
- ☐ Mean Ribeye steak WTP of \$9.88/lb (Mar.) and \$9.68/lb (Aug.)
- ☐ Ground Beef Demand:
 - Higher for African-Americans, homes with kids, those consuming beef at least 1x week
 - ☐ Lower in Midwest
- Steak Demand:
 - Higher for those working full-time, higher incomes, Hispanics, those consuming beef at least 1x week
 - Lower for older respondents

Key Determinants "Short List"

- Ranked list ill-advised given multiple methods and data/information involved
- ☐ Short-list (unranked) of key determinants includes:
 - ✓ Beef Quality (taste, appearance, convenience, freshness)
 - ✓ Consumer Incomes
 - ✓ Coverage of Safety, Animal Welfare, Sustainability, Cancer, and Nutrition topics
 - ✓ Shifts in Race composition in U.S. population

Main Unifying Themes / Recommendations

- ☐ Meat prices have become less important while consumer income has become more important
 - > Elevates importance of beef quality focus
- ☐ Beef demand has increased or been stable over the past 5 years depending on measurement approach
 - Good news given volume of "negative media"
- Different methods offer unique insights into beef demand consistent with realities of available data
 - > Encourage use of multiple information sources

Main Unifying Themes / Recommendations

- "Hot topics" change notably over time
 - Impact on beef demand can substantially change
 - Don't over-react at expense of loyal beef customers
- ☐ Several drivers of steak and ground beef demand differ
 - Target marketing by beef product type and household type is encouraged
- Examples of demand concepts being confused continue to exist
 - Ongoing support of education on demand concepts and economic value to producers is encouraged

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