Dispelling the Ag Technology Myths

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Ag Tech Myths

- Everyone else has all the ag technologies
- Yield monitor data doesn't have to be cleaned
 - Field averages same as yield monitor close enough
- I should be using variable rate fertility
- Going off the grid is my best strategy

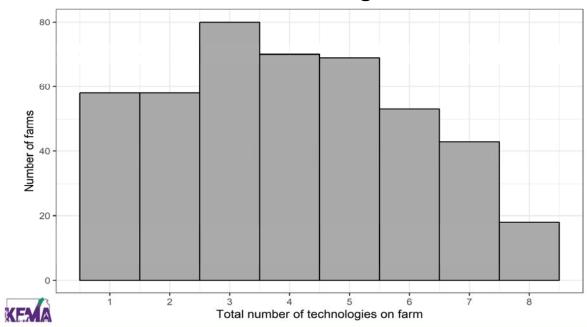


- Kansas Farm Management Association (KFMA)
 - Agronomic production & financial data, 1973 present
 - >2,000 farmer-members, ~1,000 suitable for economic analysis
- KFMA precision agriculture project initiated 2015
 - past & current adoption/abandonment
 - information-intensive & embodied-knowledge technologies
- 656 respondents regarding technology adoption

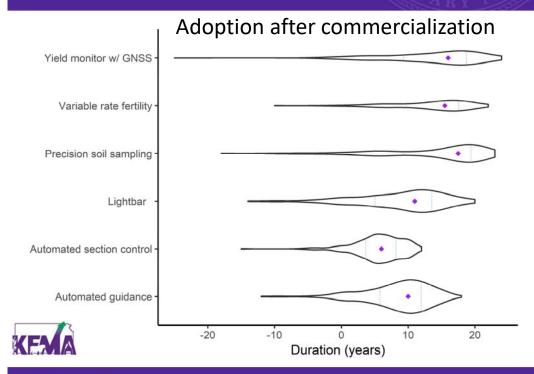




Number of technologies used







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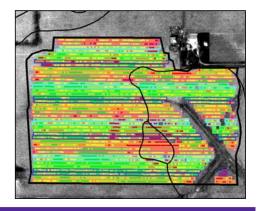
5 Ag Tech Myths

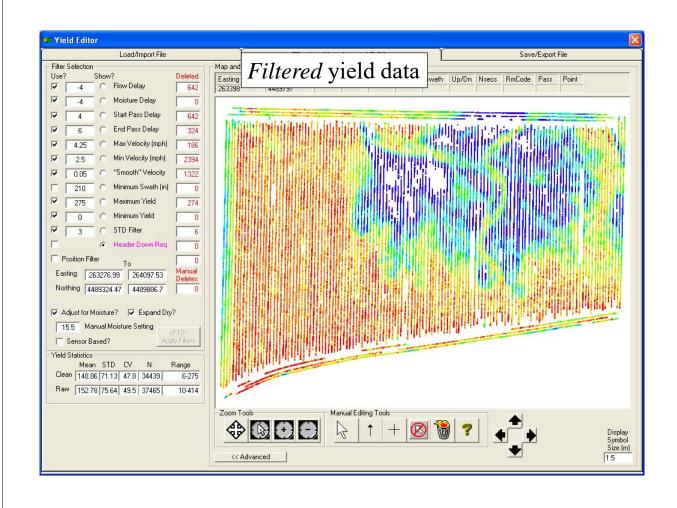
- Everyone else has all the ag technologies
 - I'm behind and feel pressure to buy tech
- Yield monitor data doesn't have to be cleaned
 - Field averages same as yield monitor close enough
- I should be using variable rate fertility
- Collecting data and then sell to highest bidder
- Going off the grid is my best strategy



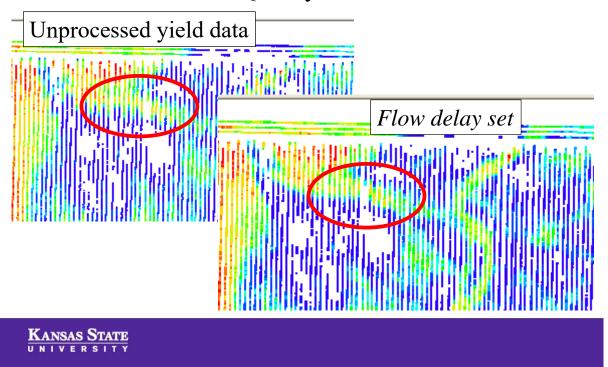
Quality of Farm Data

- Yield monitor data is great, but...
 - Calibration of sensors are crucial
 - Yield cleaning important USDA Yield Editor
 - Data ≠ truth





Farm Data Quality Litmus Test #1



Farm Data Quality Litmus Test #6



Limited gaps near headlands: "holes in data"

Farm Data as a Resource: Risk

- General reluctance to share data
 - Costs vs. Benefits (perceived or real)
- Data is an intangible resource
 - Source of competitive advantage (real or perceived)
- Ramification of relinquishing control
 - Give up bargaining power



Source: Shanoyan and Griffin

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Future Work

- Blockchain applied to farm data
 - Data quality assurance
 - Data security
 - Wireless broadband connectivity
- Is precision technology profitable?
 - Do farmers with money buy technology?
- · Optimal adoption path
 - Nothing to something to complete bundle



Defining Precision Agriculture

"Precision Agriculture is a management strategy that gathers, processes and analyzes temporal, spatial and individual data and combines it with other information to support management decisions according to estimated variability for improved resource use efficiency, productivity, quality, profitability and sustainability of agricultural production."



https://ispag.org/



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